

The Avalanche

O. PATMEL, Publisher.
GRAYLING, MICHIGAN.

MUCH SUPPOSED LOOT

PROPERTY FOUND IN ROOM OF ARRESTED COUPLE.

Kansas City Police Take Possession of Three Boxes Filled with Clothing and Jewelry—Strain of Negro Blood Causes Separation and Suicide.

Charles Clark, a negro, and a mulatto woman who claimed to be his wife were arrested in Kansas City on information from Minneapolis, Minn. The officers forced an entrance into the apartments of the pair and found therein three large trunks full of supposed stolen property. In Clark's possession was found a complete burglar's outfit. The property taken from the trunks is valued at \$1,000, and consists of a large quantity of men's and women's new clothing, gloves, socks, vests and lingerie. Hidden in the lining of a fine overcoat was a bag filled with jewelry, part of which was encrusted with initials. Nearly fifty pawn tickets issued by Minneapolis and Chicago pawn brokers were found in the pocket of the woman's jacket.

HELD UP WITH LAUNDRY TICKET

Cleaver Thief Despoils L. Station Agent in Unique Way.

On a recent night a young man succeeded in securing the entire receipts of the day at the Forty-seventh street station of the South Side Elevated road in Chicago, through the medium of what afterward turned out to be a worthless laundry check. Shortly after 11 o'clock, dressed in regulation uniform, he approached H. M. Polite, the ticket seller, and tossed him a piece of paper with the remark that he had called for the day's collection. Polite handed the stranger \$2.12 and he departed. An examination of the man's credentials showed that a piece of a laundry check had been made use of. The police were notified, but no trace of the impostor was found.

TRAGEDY IN NEGRO STRAIN.

Causes Wife's Descent and Suicide of Her Son.

Arthur Spencer, recently sent to the Maryland penitentiary for five years for burglary and well known throughout the country as a wild animal trainer, committed suicide by hanging himself with a twisted bit of sheet to the bars of his cell. Just before his conviction Spencer married a young woman in Chicago. She discovered after his incarceration that he was not a white man, having a light strain of negro blood in his veins, whereupon she deserted him and returned to her home. Spencer left a note to the warden saying that he killed himself because his wife did not remain true to him.

Plot to Assassinate Sultan Frustrated.

A Constantinople dispatch reports a frustrated attempt at assassination of the Sultan. While Abdul was crossing the court of the Yildiz Kiosk a man in the uniform of the imperial stablemaster approached him and attempted to press a petition. The Sultan's bodyguard seized the man, who was armed with a dagger and revolver. He proved to be a Bulgarian.

Improvements for Manila.

The bureau of insular affairs of the War Department has received a dispatch from Gov. Taft stating that the Philippine commission has passed an act providing for street widening, electric light and other franchises in Manila, the bids to be opened March 5, 1903. The bids will be advertised in this country.

Fatally Wounded by Burglars.

Harvey Lillie, 38 years old, was shot by burglars at David City, Neb., while he was in bed and fatally injured. The burglars found \$500 in the house. Mr. Lillie owned the house and he and his wife were poisoned and died. Lillie is the agent for a grain company which has elevators all over Nebraska.

Thief Found an Embellisher.

The federal grand jury at Louisville rendered a verdict of guilty in the case of J. M. McKnight, former president of the defunct German National Bank of Louisville, on the charge of embellishing the bank's funds. McKnight was twice convicted and sentenced on this charge.

Woman's Rights Advocate Dies.

Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton, woman's rights advocate, died at New York, aged 87 years; was wife of Henry Brewster Stanton, anti-slavery orator, and signed first call for woman's rights convention.

Wright on Arbitration Board.

With the assent of operators and miners President Roosevelt named Carroll D. Wright a full member of arbitration commission in addition to his status as recorder.

FROM THE FOUR QUARTERS OF THE EARTH

WANTS OLD BONDS FOR FUEL.

Order for Greenbacks Furnished to Be from Mark Twain.

The following letter was received at the Treasury Department in Washington the other day: "New York City—The Honorable the Secretary of the Treasury, Washington, D. C.: Sir—Price for the customary kind of winter fuel having reached the altitude which puts them out of reach of literary persons in straitened circumstances, I desire to place with you the following order: Forty-five tons best old dry government bonds, suitable for furnace, gold 7 per cent, 1894 preferred. Twelve tons early greenbacks, range size, suitable for cooking. Eight barrels seasoned 25 and 50 cent postal currency, vintage of 1890, eligible for kindlings. Please deliver with all convenient dispatch at my home in Riverside at lowest rates for spot cash and send bill to your obliged servant, Mark Twain. Who will be very grateful and will vote right."

MRS. ADA DENNIS IS DEAD.

Victim of Mysterious Attacks in Washington, D. C., Passes Away.

After hovering between life and death since last December, Mrs. Ada Gilbert Dennis, the victim of one of the most mysterious attacks in the history of the District of Columbia, died at the Garfield hospital in Washington. With her death the last hope of the solution of the mystery has disappeared. Mrs. Dennis was born in Connecticut, and married Walter Dennis, a Washington actor. She was found Dec. 10 insensible in her bedroom. Various theories were advanced as to the motive of the crime, but no definite clue was ever obtained. She never recovered sufficiently to talk rationally.

SUNDAY SHAVE NOT NECESSARY.

Wisconsin Judge Decides Against a Barber Who Worked on Sabbath.

In a decision at La Crosse, Wis., Judge Pratt of the Circuit Court decided that shaving on Sunday was not a necessity if it was done in a public place. In the case of the State vs. Rice the defendant was charged with violating the State law, which provides that, none but necessary work be done. Rice shaved a man in his shop at La Crosse on Sunday and was arrested for it. The attorney for the defense argued that it was necessary for a man to be shaved on Sunday in order to make him presentable to go to church.

IS HEIR TO A CHICAGO ESTATE.

Nephew of Late J. T. Wells Is Found Working on Ohio Farm.

H. J. Hayland, a Chicago attorney, administrator of the estate of J. T. Wells, late of Chicago, in search of J. J. Smith, nephew of the deceased, who is heir to \$70,000. Hayland found Joseph James Smith employed as a man of all work on the farm of Hiram Woodson, three miles from Toledo. Smith fully established his identity and his right to the fortune, and he and Hayland departed for Chicago.

Three Nations Make a Pact.

From authoritative sources the correspondence of the Associated Press has learned that France, Great Britain and Germany have concluded an agreement for the military evacuation of Shanghai for their forces. These negotiations also have brought about an important extension of the open door policy, as urged by Secretary Hay.

Will Live with Served Heart.

Mrs. Anna Kingsley, a stout woman in whose heart was sewed up a man, six stitches at Bellevue hospital, New York, is progressing satisfactorily and is expected to recover. Her husband, who is held by the police, has been remanded to await the outcome of the remarkable surgical operation.

Will Merge Seventy Mills.

It was authoritatively announced that the Southern Textile Company, after having been merged with the Georgia company effective Dec. 1, a committee assigned the duty of fixing the valuation of the seventy mills in the merger will meet in Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 23, when every plant will be valued by experts.

Swaine's Army at Bohol.

A message received at the London foreign office from Gen. Manning, dated at Cebu, capital of Samar, announced that the forces of Gen. Swaine, which was threatened with destruction by the army commanded by the Mad Mullah, has reached Bohol in safety.

Minister Wu's Son Drills.

Chao Chu, the 16-year-old son of Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese minister, has donned the service uniform of Uncle Sam and is drilling with a Krug-Jorgensen rifle. Chao Chu was admitted as a member of the Morris guards, the crack private military organization of New York.

Coal Strike Declared Off.

By a unanimous vote vote veto the contention of United Mine Workers at Wilkesbarre, Pa., accepted President Roosevelt's arbitration plan. The resolution was adopted carries with it a declaration that the strike is off and provides for an immediate resumption of work.

DEAD, BUT SURELY LIVES.

Child Under Chloroform Is Pronounced Dead, but Suddenly Revives.

After having been pronounced dead for six or seven minutes, Howard Smith, aged 5 years, suddenly regained the functions of life at Coudersport, Pa. While running through a dark room with a bear curtain rod in his mouth, he bumped against a door, the tube entering his throat. Three surgeons were called and it was hurriedly decided to close the cut by putting in a number of stitches, and the child, who had just eaten a big meal, was given chloroform. In a few minutes the heart began to beat, the limbs commenced to stiffen, and suddenly one of the physicians who had started to work on the supposed corpse by artificial respiration was surprised to see life reappearing. For fully six minutes the child's heart had ceased to beat.

LIVES THOUGH HEART STOPS.

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BAD INDIAN EXECUTED.

Allen Walking Shield Pays Penalty for Murder at Sioux Falls, S. D.

Allen Walking Shield, a Brule Sioux Indian, was hanged at Sioux Falls, S. D., for the murder of Mrs. George P. Bear, whom Walking Shield shot and killed at her home on the Rapid River reservation on May 2, 1902. Until the last the murderer maintained his staid composure and even joked with the officers on his way to the scaffold. The night before his execution Walking Shield, as is the custom of Indians about to die, chanted his death song at sundown. The hanging was effected without the slightest difficulty. Walking Shield did not flinch when he stepped on the trap, but told the deputy to "hurry up" as they adjusted the rope and black cap. The trap was sprung at 9:04 and the murderer was declared dead at 9:22.

FIREMEN OVERCOME BY SMOKE.

Man-Have Narrow Escape from Death at a New York Hotel.

Fire destroyed a stock of sporting goods in the warehouses of R. H. Ingersoll & Co. in New York. Two firemen were overcome by smoke and were carried to a hospital. A man, carrying a line of hose were confronted by flames which suddenly burst through the doors on the third floor. They were compelled to throw themselves down a stairway in order to escape. Several sustained minor injuries. Loss on building and stock is estimated at \$50,000.

Soldiers Will Be Amused.

Secretary Root has approved a preliminary plan for the expenditure of the appropriation of \$500,000 intended to provide substitutes at military posts for the winter, which has been abolished by legislation. The intention is to provide reading rooms, gymnasiums and other amusements for the soldiers. The appropriation was made in the last army supply bill.

Former Indian Is Dead.

Marshall O. Waggoner, for sixty years a prominent attorney of Toledo, Ohio, and whose conversion from a widely known and aggressive Indian to an equally aggressive Christian upon the death of his wife was accompanied by the public burning of his extensive library of Toledo some years ago, died at Detroit, at the age of 60 years.

Decides in Favor of Germany.

King Oscar of Sweden and Norway has decided against the United States and Great Britain and in favor of Germany in the Samoan controversy, of which he was the arbitrator. The landing of arms and supplies is held to have been unwarranted.

\$35,500 Damages for a Life.

The suit of Mrs. Almeria Sautz of New Rochelle, N. Y., whose husband was killed in the Park avenue tunnel was won on Jan. 8 last, resulted in the jury at White Plains bringing in a verdict for \$35,500 damages against the New York Central Railroad.

Fear Defect in Philippines.

The depreciation in the value of silver has cost the insular government in the Philippines approximately \$1,000,000 in gold, as it is carrying \$10,000,000 in silver. Further depreciation will increase the loss. The official rate is \$2.40 silver for \$1 gold.

Sultan Dislikes Miss Stone.

The American board, in view of the hint that the Sultan of Turkey would regard Miss Ellen Stone, the renegade missionary, as persona non grata and refuse her permission to land in his dominions, will probably not assist her to her old field of work in Macedonia.

KILLS TO PREVENT MARRIAGE.

Father thus See Daughter Wife of Eunuch's Son, Father Slays Her.

Because his daughter was in love with, and wanted to marry, the young and prosperous son of his enemy, Gust Olson of Glen, Minn., at midnight Tuesday night killed her with a butcher knife. For several months the girl had been clandestinely wooed by the young man, who paid court to her despite the threat made by her father that he would kill him on sight. Tuesday the author had a secret interview with the girl and the angry father appeared. He fired a revolver at the young man, but the shot went wild, and the man escaped. That night the girl prepared to leave home. Her father was packed and she lay awake awaiting an opportunity to steal away, when about midnight her father entered, choked her into insensibility, and then killed her with a knife. Olson is in custody.

LEAP FROM FLAMES TO DEATH.

Four Men Killed in Trying to Escape from Chicago Fire.

Four men lost their lives in jumping from lofty windows in corn-crushing plant of the Glucose Sugar Refinery Company, Beach and Taylor streets, Chicago, in a fire which did a damage of \$400,000 to the establishment. Ten other men were destroyed by the flames. The fulling work of the structure, and four comrades of the men who were killed in leaping to escape the flames landed in the fire nets so badly burned and belated that their lives were despaired of. Half a dozen spectators of the blaze went into a portion of the structure, the Taylor street building, which collapsed, and one of those was so severely injured that it is thought he, too, may die.

APPLE CROP IS VERY LARGE.

It Is Estimated at \$43,000,000 Barrels Throughout the Country.

According to the estimate of the correspondent of the New England Home, the apple crop throughout the country this year will be 43,000,000 barrels, against 27,000,000 barrels in 1901. In the old orchard sections of the Middle West and the West, the crop is unusually large. In the Southwest, a territory last year favored by exceptionally good yields, the crop this season is deficient. As for quality, it is far from satisfactory in the South and West, but in New England is very much better.

SEVERAL DIE IN HOTEL FIRE.

Burning of Tepee House at Fairview, N. C., Results in Fatalities.

The Tepee Hotel at Fairview, N. C., was destroyed by fire. One body has been taken from the ruins and seven others are said to be fatally injured. The fire started near the furnace room and the flames, shooting up the stairway, quickly cut off escape except through the front door. The guests, who had escaped easily, but many of those above were badly hurt, either by the flames or by leaping to the ground.

Vessels Lost Off Alaska.

The steamer Comical, from Alaska, reports the loss of two vessels, the schooner Courtney Ford and the ship Louis Walsh, both of San Francisco, and the death of four men. The Ford went ashore on Izen Island the evening of Sept. 10 and was lost on the sand near Dutch harbor during a gale on Oct. 14.

Four Gunboats Ordered Up River.

Four British gunboats stationed at Shanghai, have been ordered to ascend the Yangtze-Kiang as far as Hankow because of the failure of the Chinese authorities to deal adequately with the murderers of Bruce and Lewis, two English missionaries who were killed in Hsiao-Nan province.

Death of an Inventor.

Hector A. Holmes, inventor of the first patent time binder, died at the home of his son, Dr. Jayard Holmes, in Chicago, aged 73 years. Mr. Holmes was a native of Vermont. For a number of years he was a resident of Kansas Falls, N. Y., and later of Austin, Minn.

Storm Is Fatal at Nome.

One of the worst storms that ever assailed the coast swept the Nome coast recently. Three lives were lost in the Nome sea and much damage was done to buildings along the water front. Three persons were drowned.

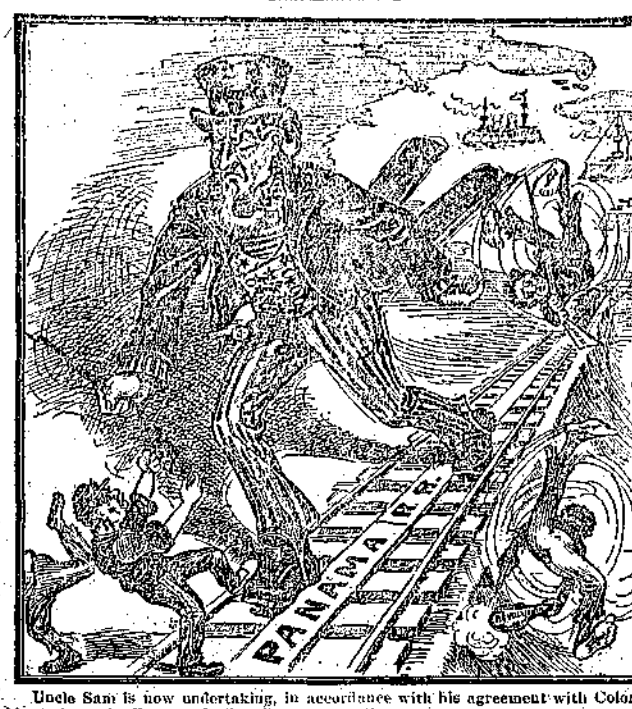
Many Killed by Hurricane.

A hurricane has swept over Port Argentina, Province of Entre Rios, Argentina. Fifteen persons were killed and many injured. A hundred houses were destroyed and the coast of Uruguay and other places also were damaged.

Plot to Assassinate Lambert Frustrated.

The Paris Eclair says a man was detected attempting to kill the President of the Republic. It is believed that he intended to hide in the palace garden in the hope of obtaining an opportunity to assassinate President Loubet.

CLEAR THE TRACK.



Ugole San is now undertaking, in accordance with his agreement with Colombia, to keep the Panama Railroad open to traffic.

WARNS EUROPE TO UNITE.

Andrew Carnegie Says America Will Overshadow World.

At St. Andrew's, Scotland, Andrew Carnegie the other day suggested the formation of the United States of Europe. He appealed to Emperor William of Germany as the most pleasant of monarchs available for the work to take the first steps necessary to accomplish the desired result. Mr. Carnegie urged a political and industrial union of the European States. Only by means of such a union, he said, could Europe ever repel the American invasion of the markets of the world; only by such means could Europe hope to do fairly and conquer fields of commerce for her own advantage. France, Germany and Russia might form the nucleus around which the new union could be effected.

"The Car," continued Mr. Carnegie, "having taken the first step toward the peace of the world in The Hague conference, the other night's speaker might say that it is due to himself and to Germany to play a great part upon the wider stage of Europe, in her delivery from the incubus which oppresses and weakens her; the appalling paralyzing fear of war and of ruin between members of her own body."

Mr. Carnegie gave expression to his views in his rectoral address at St. Andrew's University. He had been formally reinstated as rector of the university.



ANDREW CARNEGIE.

and honored with the degree of doctor of laws. At the same time he was conferred on Joseph H. Choate, American ambassador to the court of St. James; Dr. Andrew D. White, American ambassador to Berlin; Alexander Graham Bell of Washington and Henry H. Smith, secretary of the American embassy in London.

DANES KILL ISLE TREATY.

United States Cannot Buy Lands Desired in West Indies.

The landholding, the upper house of the Danish Riksdag, has refused to ratify the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States. The vote was a tie—32 to 32. The sale of the islands was approved by the lower house of the last parliament, but the landholding rejected the treaty. In June of this year Denmark and the United States agreed to extend the time for the ratification of the treaty for one year. Meanwhile a new parliament was elected, and it was thought that there was a safe majority of two or three in favor of the sale in the upper house. The lower house was always overwhelmingly in favor of the sale.

The predominant sentiment throughout Denmark is undoubtedly pro-sale, and the rejection of the treaty is attributed chiefly to a domestic political effort to embarrass the government, and bring about the resignation of the majority. The question of the sale of the islands may not remain dead for any length of time.

When official confirmation of the action of the Danish upper house in declining to ratify the treaty for the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States was received at the State Department in Washington, the officials of the department expressed themselves as much disappointed.

It is believed that the Danish people, the noble classes excepted, are heartily in favor of selling the islands, which have been a continual expense to the crown.

OLD PASTOR TOO POPULAR.

Sextus E. Smith Ordered Exited and Then the Action is Reversed.

Rev. Sextus E. Smith, retired, was ordered to leave Wellesboro, Ind., or lose his ministry of \$200 a year, because his popularity with the Presbyterians of the village was supposed to be a hindrance to the new pastor. Later the Presbytery rescinded its action, and Mr. Smith will remain. After thirty years of active service Mr. Smith resigned. Then came the new minister and the trouble.

or death came to a household, or whenever a minister was needed, the people went naturally to their old pastor. The new minister found or felt that he could not get a hold on their affections and resigned.

COMMERCIAL FINANCIAL

New York

"Settlement of the coal strike removes the only serious handicap to industrial progress. Five months of restricted fuel production had begun to check the wheels of many manufacturing centers, while there was a perceptible diminution in consumptive demands, as the purchasing power of the wage-earners steadily decreased. Savings have been exhausted, and much money has gone out of the country because of this struggle. But the nation's commercial position assures a speedy restoration of prosperous conditions." The foregoing is from the Weekly Trade Review of H. G. Dun & Co. It continues:

"Transportation is now the worst feature, and threatens to continue during the winter. When the rails are being moved the supply of rolling stock and motive power will prove insufficient, although every effort is made at the shops, liberal premiums being offered for early delivery. That the railways are well equipped is evidenced by the fact that the first week of October 3.5 per cent larger than last year and 10.9 per cent above 1900.

Inadequate supplies of fuel caused further building of furnaces, but the effect of a decreased output of domestic pig-iron has been partly neutralized by increased arrivals from abroad. Practically no price can be named for immediate delivery of home iron, and there is no disposition to make concessions for distant contracts. Owing to the abnormal coke situation, further contracts for pig-iron are being made at a premium. Consumers not only find difficulty in securing steel from the mills but encounter a further delay on the railways, which are unable to handle the freight traffic. Coal contracts for next year's delivery, and the plans for buildings and bridges keep a lot of business in sight in houses, churches and schools. Plans for shipyards are also somewhat freely placed upward on the market. Higher freight rates have checked imports of finished steel.

Footwear shops are actively engaged, many producers having added to their long list of orders, and while practically all the New England manufacturers are assured full time up to the end of the year, they are also taking orders for deliveries in March. Prices are easily maintained. Leather is slightly weaker, owing to the sharp fall in hides, which has been accentuated by the poorer quality now coming on the market. Large imports have weakened dry hides. In cotton goods the feature was a purchase of about 250,000 pieces of print cloths. Failures for the week number 200 in the United States, against 220 last year, and 22 in Canada, compared with 31.

Wheat, including flour, exports for the week ending Oct. 16 aggregate 5,210,698 bushels, against 5,435,770 last week, 5,586,073 in this week last year and 3,790,613 in 1900. Wheat exports since July aggregate 73,071,180 bushels, against 95,103,017 last season and 53,302,167 in 1900.

Corn exports aggregate 180,674 bushels, against 150,553 last week, 640,073 last year and 2,894,993 in 1900. For the fiscal year exports are 1,658,236 bushels, against 1,545,533 last season and 50,034,691 in 1900.

The railroads continue piling up earnings and notwithstanding the great declines naturally to be expected in the reports of the anthracite coal roads, the forty-three leading lines show an aggregate increase for the first week in October of 6.18 per cent, corresponding week last year. The Great Western remains an important factor in the western rate situation. The Milwaukee is believed to be contemplating an extension to the coast, although the latest report says traffic arrangements have been perfected with the Union Pacific, and that the Milwaukee will not build, at least not at present. There is some grumbling on the part of railway employees in the West, but nothing has occurred to warrant any measure of apprehension of any trouble.

Another factor has helped retail trade. Moderate advances are noted in many commodities, while iron and steel are materially higher. With coal obtainable many furnaces that have been crippled for a month or more are expected to resume operations, and a large volume of business. The Northwest leads the country. Last week Minneapolis broke every previous record with a production of 443,830 barrels of flour. The flour demand is going up, the Union Pacific, from a quarter and the prospect favorable for heavy grinding by the Northwestern mills to the turn of the year. Grain receipts are increasing somewhat. Jobbing and manufacturing lines are doing a satisfactory business. The latest report the financial town favored.

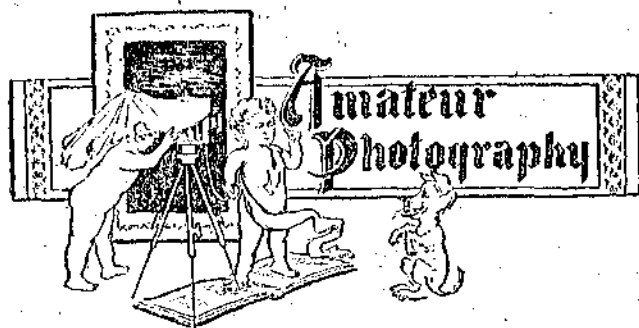
THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$4.00 to \$7.50; hogs, shipping grades, \$4.25 to \$7.15; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.00 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 70c to 71c; corn, No. 2, 55c to 57c; oats, No. 2, 25c to 26c; rye, No. 2, 28c to 29c; barley, No. 2, 30c to 31c; clover, No. 2, 18c to 19c; timothy, No. 2, 18c to 19c; alfalfa, No. 2, 18c to 19c; cotton, No. 2, 18c to 19c; sugar, No. 2, 18c to 19c; coffee, No. 2, 18c to 19c; tea, No. 2, 18c to 19c; tobacco, No. 2, 18c to 19c; rubber, No. 2, 18c to 19c; leather, No. 2, 18c to 19c; wool, No. 2, 18c to 19c; hides, No. 2, 18c to 19c; tallow, No. 2, 18c to 19c; lard, No. 2, 18c to 19c; butter, No. 2, 18c to 19c; eggs, No. 2, 18c to 19c; chickens, No. 2, 18c to 19c; turkeys, No. 2, 18c to 19c; geese, No. 2, 18c to 19c; ducks, No. 2, 18c to 19c; fish, No. 2, 18c to 19c; fruit, No. 2, 18c to 19c; vegetables, No. 2, 18c to 19c; miscellaneous, No. 2, 18c to 19c.

What is the best a friend can be,
To any soul, to you or me?
Not only shelter, comfort, rest—
Inmost refreshment, unexpressed.
Not only a beloved guide
To thread life's labyrinth at our side,
Or with love's torch lead on before,
Though these be much, there yet is more.

Love's Reward.

Three years afterward Jun Thorne's palace home is a blaze



1982

FAITHFUL RECOUNTING
LATEST NEWS.

BOOK OF THE SALE WAS KNOCKED OUT, that was as far as the burglars got.

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LESSON FOR NOVEMBER 2,
EXPONENTS BY JOHN H. FLAHER

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1. \$50,000.

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The Avalanche.

S. PALMER, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

THURSDAY, OCT. 30, 1902.

Entered in the Post Office, at Grayling Mich., as second-class matter.

POLITICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Republican Ticket.

STATE TICKET.

For Governor—Aaron T. Bliss, of Saginaw.
For Lieutenant Governor—Alexander Maitland, of Marquette.
For Secretary of State—Fred M. Warner, of Farmington.
For State Treasurer—Daniel McCoy, of Grand Rapids.
For Auditor General—Perry F. Powers, of Cadillac.
For Attorney General—Charles A. Blair, of Jackson.
For Commissioner of State Land Office—Edwin A. Wildey, of Paw Paw.
For Superintendent of Public Instruction—Delos A. Fall, of Albion.
For Members State Board of Education—Patrick H. Keely, Detroit; L. L. Wright, Ironwood.
For Congress 10th Dist.—George A. Lord, of Iosco.
For State Senator, 28th Dist.—Alfred J. Doherty, of Clare.
For Representative State Legislature—Earl B. Bolton, of Otsego.

COUNTY TICKET.

For Sheriff—Fred Hoessli.
For County Clerk—James J. Collen.
For Register of Deeds—Allen B. Failing.
For County Treasurer—John J. Connelly.
For Prosecuting Attorney—Oscar Palmer.
For Circuit Court Commissioner—Oscar Palmer.
For Coroners—Benjamin F. Sherman and William M. Woodworth.
For Surveyor—Ernest P. Richardson.

The question to be asked, "What party do we want in power?" will be answered officially at the polls next Tuesday. In the countenances of the voters and the signs of the times, we can already see the right answer—"Republican." Do you want rule or misrule? Do you want Cleveland times or McKinley prosperity? Do you want to borrow money from Europe or have Europe borrow from us? Do you want the trans-oceanic countries sending more goods here than they are getting from us? If you want the first named wants, the democratic party can provide you with them. If the latter, keep in power the party that has brought you all these blessings, and that is the party of McKinley, Roosevelt and good government.—Ogemaw Republican.

With the elections so close at hand, political attention in Washington is turned to the contests in the several states. Thirty Senate terms expire March 3. Senators Allison, Dilligam, McEnery, Gorman and former Representative McNary of Kentucky have already been elected and the remainder will be elected by legislatures which will be elected November 4. The Delaware legislature will have two vacancies to fill and Michigan one. There is little prospect of breaking the Senate deadlock in Delaware and Gen. Alger will be elected to fill the unexpired term of Senator McMillan. In the present Senate the republicans hold 54 of the 96 seats. Not counting Delaware, the Democrats would have to win fifteen seats now held by republicans to gain a majority and the only states in which they have the slightest prospect are Nevada, where Representative Newlands is making a strong fight against Senator Jones, and North Carolina where Senator Pritchard is likely to be defeated by a democrat. On the other hand, they will lose the seat of Senator Harris, of Kansas, a populist who votes with the Democrats.

The Danish Land-thing (parliament) by a tie vote defeated the motion to ratify the treaty conceding the Danish West Indies to the United States. This of course, ends all hope of the acquisition of the islands as a naval base for this country for the present, but the vote was so close that the ministry has determined not to resign, as is the usual custom in case of defeat, and, therefore, it is anticipated that the matter will come up again in the not distant future when the younger and more progressive element in Danish affairs will win the day.

While the Democrats are talking that the combines whose products are protected by the United States Tariff system, should be cut out of such protection, because they have outgrown the necessity for protection, it develops that such are not the facts. A conspicuous instance is that the rolling mills of Europe are called upon this fall to work at

their full capacity to help the mills of this country to supply the demand for steel products. Other than goods are also needed beyond the capacity of American plants. With the tariff kept at the protective point American plants will be enlarged to do all the work necessary, or that will be required, for this country. With the tariff taken off, with Democratic Free Trade, the European mills would hold that trade and gain more as the country grew. American steel and iron workers would then come into direct competition with foreign labor and wages would go down. The Trust would not be crushed. There is nothing plainer than that the Democratic idea is wrong from first to last. There is no excuse for electing any Democratic Congressman this fall. In the elections so far held not a Democratic Congressman has been elected.—Telegram, Worcester, N. Y.

New Zealand has done the most daring thing ever attempted by any modern government. The New Zealanders claim that New Zealand is a country without strikes. Laborers and employers have their disputes there as elsewhere, but the one cannot quit work, or the other lock out workmen, pending a settlement of the dispute in courts. It is also a country without paupers or poorhouses, for injured workmen are cared for by their employers. The aged workman is pensioned by the Government as a soldier of industry worn out in the ranks. The Government owns not only the postal system, but the express service, the telegraph lines and the railroads. Recently it has purchased a coal mine to supply its locomotives with fuel, and it intends to compete with private mines in the sale of coal to the public, for enough to keep the price of coal down to a reasonable figure. There is not a pauper in New Zealand.—Church Review.

It seems likely that Mexico will adopt the gold standard, as the fluctuating silver which is her present standard, seriously hampers her business and commerce. How have conditions been changed. Such an announcement would have brought forth a storm of comment and explanations. To-day it receives hardly a passing notice. And this silver issue was the question which the democracy insisted was paramount to all others, and that until free silver was adopted by the United States we could have no prosperity and no even considerations of other problems. Is the country ready to entrust its administration to the keeping of a party which is proven in a few short years so lacking in statesmanlike conservatism and sound judgment.—Republican, Missaukee, Michigan.

UNCLE SAM IN CUBA.

A report of the War Department's Bureau of Insular Affairs shows what was accomplished in Cuba during American occupation from July 18th 1898 to May 19th, 1902. The total revenues from all sources collected during the occupation was \$37,200,000 and the expenditures therefrom \$35,070,000, the remainder having been turned over to the Republic of Cuba at the time of the withdrawal of United States authorities, May 19, 1902.

A feature of the expense account in Cuba was occasioned by the condition of the various municipalities all of which showed large deficits in their annual budgets. This condition has been very largely overcome and the majority of the municipalities are now self-sustaining. There were established 16 custom houses, 800 postoffices with free delivery in many cities, and the number of school houses provided nearly equal those in the United States for corresponding area. Besides telegraph lines, public roads and bridges were built in all sections.

In withdrawing from Cuba we left a treasury balance of \$350,000 and balances in the hands of collectors and disbursing officers aggregating \$1,000,000, constituting an ample working fund for the inauguration of the new republic.

Size of State Tax Lands.

MICHIGAN STATE LAND OFFICE, LANSING, OCT. 15, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that the following described tax homestead lands situated in Crawford County, having been examined and appraised under the provisions of Act 111, public acts of Michigan, 1901, will be offered to purchasers at this office at public auction on Thursday, November 13th, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., and will be subject to sale according to the form prescribed by law.

EDWIN A. WILDEY, Commissioner.

Description.	Sec.	Town.	Range.
s. w. 1-2 of s. w. 1-4	34	26	n. 4 w.
s. e. 1-1 of s. e. 1-4	33	26	n. 4 w.
e. 1-2 of n. w. 1-4	28	25	n. 3 w.
e. 1-2 of s. w. 1-4	28	25	n. 3 w.
w. 1-2 of s. e. 1-4	15	27	n. 4 w.
s. w. 1-4	10	27	n. 4 w.
n. e. 1-4	16	27	n. 4 w.

Sale of Primary School Lands.

MICHIGAN STATE LAND OFFICE, LANSING, OCT. 3, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that the following described primary school lands situated in Crawford County, having been examined and reappraised under the provisions of Act No. 45, Public Acts of Michigan, 1901, will be restored to market at this office on the 13th day of November, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., and will be subject to sale according to form prescribed by law.

EDWIN A. WILDEY, Commissioner.

Description.	Sec.	Town.	Range.
s. w. 1-4 of s. w. 1-4	16	25	n. 1 w.
n. e. 1-4 of s. e. 1-4	16	25	n. 1 w.
n. e. 1-2 of n. e. 1-4	16	25	n. 2 w.
n. e. 1-4 of n. w. 1-4	16	25	n. 2 w.
w. 1-2 of n. w. 1-4	16	25	n. 2 w.
n. 1-2 of s. w. 1-4	16	25	n. 2 w.
s. e. 1-4 of s. w. 1-4	16	25	n. 2 w.
n. e. 1-4 of s. e. 1-4	16	25	n. 2 w.
s. w. 1-4 of s. e. 1-4	16	25	n. 2 w.
n. e. 1-4 of n. e. 1-4	16	25	n. 2 w.
s. e. 1-4 of n. e. 1-4	16	25	n. 2 w.
s. w. 1-4 of n. e. 1-4	16	25	n. 2 w.
n. e. 1-4 of s. w. 1-4	16	25	n. 2 w.
s. e. 1-4 of s. w. 1-4	16	25	n. 2 w.
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n. e. 1-4 of s. w. 1-4	16	25	n. 2 w.
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The Avalanche.

THURSDAY, OCT. 30, 1902.

LOCAL ITEMS.

TAKE NOTICE.

The date following your address on this paper shows to what time your subscription is paid. Our terms are one dollar per year IN ADVANCE. If your time is up please renew promptly. A X following your name means, we want our money.

Do not forget to Register.

Saturday, November 1st, is Registration Day.

Register Saturday and vote Tuesday.

Do not forget to register next Saturday, if not already on the list.

Forty cents worth of Tobacco for 25 cents, at J. W. SORENSON'S.

The "Avalanche" and Carlton's "Everywhere" for \$1.25 per year.

Subscribe and pay for the AVA-LANCHE, \$1.00 per year, in advance.

Do not fail to attend the great closing-out sale at J. Ablowitz's.

All paid up subscribers can get the Weekly Toledo Blade for 25c a year.

Great Bargains at the closing-out sale of J. Ablowitz.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Larson was buried last Friday.

Found—A pair of Spectacles. The owner can get them by paying for this notice.

If you wish to keep warm next winter, buy an Air-Tight Heater at S. H. & Co's.

Chris Jensen had a hand crippled by a cogwheel in the shingle mill, last Thursday. He lost a finger.

FOR SALE—Milk Cows. Enquire at this office. Now is the time to buy.

You can buy a handsome \$10.00 Silk Plush Cape for \$6.00, at J. Ablowitz's.

Mrs. Woodworth has just received a rare bargain in plumes, at \$3.00 & \$3.50 each. Call and see them.

Snow squalls Tuesday whitened the face of the earth several times for a few moments.

FOR SALE—One horse, 1 cow and 1 better. Enquire of F. Jennings, Grayling, Mich.

Selling, Hanson & Co. brought in a carload of fine heavy horses last week, for their lumber camps.

Save half of your wood by buying an Air-Tight Heater, at S. H. & Co's.

Selling, Hanson & Co. have shut down the planing mill for repairs, and will enlarge the plant so as to nearly double its capacity.

If you use Tobacco, then be sure advantage of my special offer.

J. W. SORENSON.

If you want a Silk, Satin or Flannel Waist, call at Grayling Mercantile Company.

If you want the best Sewing Machine buy the Singer. Sold on easy terms by A. Kraus.

The best Clover, Timothy and Alsike Clover Seed, cheap, at S. H. & Co's.

Dr. O'Neil, of Frederic, was in town professionally last Friday, but found time to shake our fist. We are always glad to see him.

If you WANT the best, you want the Karpen Couch. Money can buy nothing better.

J. W. SORENSON.

The Nichols Bros. of Higgins Lake know a good thing when they see it. We sold them five cows with their calves, last week.

If you want a nice Automobile or Monte Carlo Coat, or a Cape or Jacket, we can save you 25 per cent.—Grayling Mercantile Co.

Mrs. Tubbs and daughter returned from an extended visit in Gratiot county, last week, and Mr. T. is happy, as he got tired of "baching."

Ladies, before buying your Dress or Walking Skirts, examine ours. Before buying elsewhere. Grayling Mercantile Co.

The best thing yet. The AVA-LANCHE and the TOLEDO BLADE for \$1.25 a year. The two best weekly papers published.

A Box Social will be held at John C. Fallings', in Beaver Creek township, next Saturday evening, Nov. 1, for the benefit of Rev. Stephens, of that town.

If you are in want of a Cook or a Heating Stove, call on A. Kraus. He keeps the best.

Ed Douglas now drives a "Dea" Concord, bought of Palmer, and we call it the best road wagon over brought to Grayling.

Mr. and Mrs. John Everett have returned from a five weeks' trip with their horse and carriage, visiting in the south and east part of the State. It was a delightful outing for both.

Hon. W. A. Norton, of St. Johns, addressed a republican meeting at Frederic, Monday evening. The band was in attendance, and the meeting was an unqualified success.

Jas. Johnson, who has been foreman of H. C. Ward's big farm in Maple Forest, for several years, has packed his "turkey" and started for the great Northwest.

Every Republican should vote the party ticket, and vote it straight, next Tuesday, and according to our best judgment every voter should do the same, and make it unanimous.

Wm. Woodfield is unusually smiling, all on account of a pair of chestnut horses and a new harness in front of the delivery wagon. They are beauties and will loose nothing in his hands.

She's a radiant witehing, wondrous gem, that beautiful blushing wife of mine. She is an angel on earth, so you can be, only take Rocky Mountain Tea. Ask your druggist.

Hon. Mr. O'Brien, of Alpena, democratic candidate for congress from this district, was in town Tuesday, conferring with friends as to the local situation. We imagine he was not greatly encouraged here.

Mr. Osborne returned from his California trip, last week, having traveled over 10,000 miles, or nearly half the distance around the world. He has a strong inclination to remove to the west, which we regret.

Julius Kramer has thoroughly repaired and papered his store building, the old express office, and is moving his tailoring business there. He will have one of the most pleasant rooms in town.

Mrs. Willobee, of West Branch, inspected the W. R. C. of Grayling last Tuesday, and found everything in fine shape. After the official program was completed, the ladies enjoyed a social time and banquet at the hall.

The Board of Supervisors closed their session of thirteen days last Friday. They had a large amount of work as will be shown by the Supplement, when printed. It took about three hours to settle with the County Treasurer.

The annual meeting of the National Grange will convene at Lansing, Nov. 12. All railroads give a half rate tickets. It is expected to excel all previous meetings of the patrons and an elaborate program has been prepared.

The Grayling Cigar Co., is the latest addition to our manufacturing interests. They are situated in the 2nd story of C. Hanson's building, and are putting out a fine brand of smokers. Messrs. D. Mould and J. Young, comprise the firm.

It would only be a deserved compliment if every vote in Crawford and Otsego counties would be cast for Earl Bolton, for representative in the State Legislature from this district. Examine his record, and you will find that he made no mistake.

The paid advertisements of two of the democratic candidates for office in this issue, tell their own story. They are willing the people should know just where they stand, but they are on the wrong ticket for our support, no matter how highly they may be esteemed as individuals.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Keeler returned from Ann Arbor last week, where Mr. Keeler had submitted to a very delicate operation on both of his eyes in the removal of foreign growth between the coats covering the eye balls. The operation was performed by Prof. Copeland, and was eminently successful.

The chicken-pie social, given last Friday evening, by the Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist Church, was liberally patronized, and an enjoyable evening was had. We have always heard that certain ones of that persuasion were particularly fond of chickens, and it always dished up as well as on this occasion, we do not blame them.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Ingerson gave an entertainment at their homestead farm, last week, which was attended by both old and young people, which will be long remembered by those in attendance. It was given as a surprise to Wm. and Art. Ingerson, who are hawing out a home for themselves on the "worthless plains," that any old settler might be proud of. Every member of the family was present. Dancing was engaged in, to sweet music furnished by Messrs. Tubbs and Lamont, until 3 a. m., after which a bounteous lunch was served, consisting of ham sandwiches, pumpkin pie, cake, grapes, etc., when the guests departed after receiving a hearty invitation to "come again."

His Life in Peril.
"I just seemed to have gone all to pieces," writes Alfred Bee, of Well-fare, Tex., "billousness and a lame back had made life a burden. I could not eat or sleep and felt almost too worn out to work, when I began to use Electric Bitters, but they worked wonders. Now I sleep like a top, can eat anything, have gained in strength and enjoy hard work." They give vigorous health and new life to weak, sickly run-down people. Try them. Only 6c. at L. Fournier's Drug Store.



Robert R. Pointer.

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR STATE SENATOR.

Brief Outline of Mr. Pointer's Business Career.

Robert R. Pointer, the nominee of the Democratic party for the office of Senator of the Twenty-eighth district, was born forty-three years ago on his father's farm in Eaton county, Michigan. At the age of seven years young Pointer was left to his own resources by the death of his father. His career since that time demonstrates the qualities that go to make up the typical self-made man, and his party in honoring him with the nomination for Senator has set the seal of its approval upon the character he has worked out for himself. From the time he reached his majority his interest in the political questions of the country has been keen. Though never a chronic office seeker, he has at all times been ready and willing to further the interests of his party. In Detroit and elsewhere he has repeatedly been urged to accept offices of minor importance, but has heretofore declined from business reasons.

At ten years of age the subject of this sketch left the little district school he attended, and started to learn the butcher's trade. After eight years in the business, his ambition led him to seek a greater field, and he went to New Mexico to carve out his fortune. He launched out in the grocery business, which he followed for one year, coming thence back to his native state of Michigan, where he settled in Detroit and became a general stock broker, achieving considerable success.

Four years ago he moved to West Branch, entering the lumbering business. Mr. Pointer is a ready debater and natural advocate, and should be elected, the wishes of his constituents will be observed in the business-like manner that has characterized all his dealings in the past.

POINTER'S PLATFORM.

I will give you a few reasons why the voters of the Twenty-eighth Senatorial District should vote for me:

1. I am in favor of primary election laws, so that the people can have their choice for their candidate.
 2. I believe in all corporations paying equal taxation with all property owners, and not the poor man paying all, or most of the tax.
 3. I would like to have a law that when we have lands that have been returned year after year to the State for taxes, to be decided by the Auditor General to the State, so they could be sold to parties who want to buy them. And by so doing we could get our country improved.
 4. I would try and get an appropriation to build a State road along the meridian line right through Michigan, so as to open our northern country, as I think good roads are what will help to make any country.
 5. I believe the people should nominate and elect the man they want, and not the candidate buy his way into office, which is being done in most all cases at the present time.
 6. I am against machine rule or legislation.
 7. I believe in legislation for the benefit of the masses and not the classes.
- For this reason I appeal to the voters of the Twenty-eighth Senatorial District as a candidate, for the people's rights, so I appeal to you for your vote, as I have money to buy my way into office, and if elected, I shall be willing to listen to you all as to what you shall deem best for our State, and work in accordance to the best of my judgment.

ROBERT R. POINTER.

The following letter to the Frederic Times is reproduced by request of the writer who desires to place himself squarely before the people.

To the Editor of THE TIMES:
I received a copy of your spicy little paper, and have carefully perused its columns, and have made up my mind to invest the price of the subscription, as per your statement, although I would rather give the dollar for a good straight Democratic paper. In order to have both parties represented in our good little country. I am a Democrat good and plenty as far as our national politics goes, but locally I am not "hidebound," but like to see the onus rest on the competency and responsibility of all public servants.

This country belongs to no political party or faction, but our properties and our liberties must be protected. We are Americans and let us protect ourselves as such. Let us labor for a country with equal rights to all, with opportunities planted in every home, in every humble field in the land, together with the inestimable boon of liberty bequeathed to us through the blood and sacrifices

of our revolutionary forefathers. Their priceless heritage of freedom is ours, ours to possess, to transmit, warning posterity to the heart of let every American citizen be true to their engagement and American independence is perpetuated.

I am on the Democratic ticket for Surveyor and am willing to let the voters of the county "Take Their Choice."

Wishing you the best of success in your enterprise, and hoping to meet and make your acquaintance in the near future, I am

Very Respectfully, Yours,
A. E. NEWMAN.

It Goes Like Hot Cakes.

"The fastest selling article I have in my store," writes druggist C. T. Smith, of Davis, Ky., "is Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds, because it always cures. In my six years of sales it has never failed. I have known it to save sufferers from Throat and Lung diseases, who could get no help from doctors or any other remedy." Mothers rely on it, best physicians prescribe it, and L. Fournier will guarantee satisfaction or refund price. Trial bottles free, reg. size 50c. and \$1.

America's Greatest Beauties.

Look with horror on Skin Eruptions, Blisters, Sores and Pimples. They don't have them near will any one, who uses Backlen's Amica Salve. It glorifies the face. Eruptions of Salt Rheum vanish before it. It cures sore lips, chapped hands, chilblains. Infallible for Piles. 25c. at L. Fournier's.

It stands alone, it towers above. There's no other, it's no wonder, it is ours, ours to possess, to transmit, warning posterity to the heart of let every American citizen be true to their engagement and American independence is perpetuated.

The Ladies of the G. A. R. will give an oyster supper with chicken sandwiches and other good things. Tuesday evening November 4, supper twenty-five cents. All are cordially invited.

O ye people! have ye wasted the golden moments of never returning time in taking a substitute for the genuine Rocky Mountain Tea made by the Madison Medicine Co. Ask your druggist.

It is with the greatest pleasure that Dr. Wm. H. Niles announces to his friends in Grayling that he has so far recovered from his lameness that he has accepted the agency of eight Holiday books published by the Charles Fuster Pub. Co. of Philadelphia. They are of so great value that they need no prizes or rebuses to effect their sale, but their own merits should insure him a liberal patronage.

Out of Death's Jaws.

"When death seemed very near from a severe stomach and liver trouble, that I had suffered with for years," writes P. Mase, of Durham, N. C., Dr. King's New Life Pills saved my life and gave perfect health." Best pills on earth, and only 25c. at L. Fournier's Drug Store.

H. G. WENDLAND & CO.

Crapo Block, Bay City, Mich.

TO THE People of Northern Michigan!

What we want to ask of you is: Why don't you do your trading in Bay City, and at our store?

Special November Sale

OF—
Cloaks, Furs, Shoes, Dry Goods, Carpets, Draperies and Clothing for Boys and Young Men.

We invite you people of Northern Michigan to come to our store during the Fall season, and do your trading. We have one of the largest Department Stores in Michigan, and carry in our store thousands of dollars worth of the best and newest kinds of merchandise that money can buy, and everything is sold at money saving prices, to make it worth your while to come to Bay City.

We Pay Your Rail Road Fare ONE WAY,

On all purchases of \$10.00 or over. Don't forget this!

This is an item alone, worthy of careful thought, and as we are sure to save you money on all purchases, it is economy to buy all your Fall goods of us.

Special Bargain Items.

We name below a few special interesting items, at special bargain prices for our customers:

- Handsome Monte Carlo all wool Kersey Cloaks, new sleeves satin lined, at \$10.00 each, all colors and sizes.
- Sable Fox Fur Scarfs, big and fluffy, at \$5.00 each. A big bargain.
- Ladies Vici Kid Shoes, hand turned soles, patent kid tips, at only \$2.00 per pair, worth \$3.00.
- 44 inch all wool chevrons, all colors and black, special at 59c worth 75c.
- 50 pieces all wool Persian Stripe Waistings, beautiful coloring, all kinds, a big bargain at 50c per yard.
- Carpets and draperies at money saving prices to please you. Remember this.
- 5000 yards of fancy stripe and check outing, worth 10c, at 6 1-2c per yard.
- Ladies and Gent's Outing Flannel Night Gowns, at only 50 cents each.
- Black mercerized Petticoats, 3 wide ruffles and corded, at \$1.00 each; a bargain you don't get every day.
- Clothing for boys, children and young men, from \$1.50 up to \$10.00 per suit.
- Also Caps for boys and girls, and Furnishing Goods.

Remember, it will pay you big to trade here. You will not regret it, and be sure to save a few dollars besides a little pleasure trip to see the new styles of all the new goods for Fall and Winter.

Don't Forget, That we pay half of your Rail Road Fare!

H. G. WENDLAND & CO.,

Crapo Block, Bay City, Mich.

New Ad. Next Week!

GRAYLING MERCANTILE CO.

INCORPORATED.

IF YOU Want the Best You want the Karpen Couch.



Money can buy Nothing Better.

J. W. SORENSON.

SCHOOL BOOKS!

Fournier's Drug Store.

Is headquarters for School Books, Tablets, Slates, Pens, Pencils, School Bags, Ink etc., including everything in the line of School Supplies. The finest line of Tablets ever brought to Grayling.

LUCIEN FOURNIER,

Druggist, Grayling, Mich.

Just Received

We have just received a new line of Outing Flannel, Waist Patterns and Dress Goods, and invite the people of Grayling and vicinity, to come and examine them.

We also carry a full line of

Ladies Fur Scarfs, Capes and Collarettes,

and we are headquarters of the Columbia Shetland Flees, also agent for the Royal Tailor-Made-To-Order Clothing.

We just received a new line of Selz Shoes, every pair warranted to give satisfaction.

We give you prices that will enable us always to do business. Give us a call and be convinced. We are headquarters for first-class Dry Goods, Clothing and Shoes.

Respectfully

A. KRAUS & SON.

Drygoods, Clothing, Shoes, and Furnishings,

Cno Price Store.

MAKING OF CHEESE

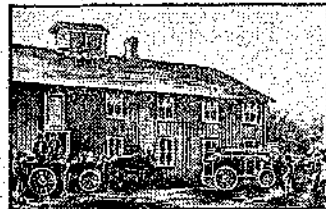
Some Modern Appliances Used in Its Manufacture.

A GREAT INDUSTRY.

How Dairying Has Increased Until Its Returns Are Stupendous.

Interesting Methods Employed in Making Condensed Milk—Absolute Cleanliness Insisted Upon—Cooperation in the Manufacture of Pastry Cheese—Work in Western Factories—Dairy—Farmers—Are—Generally Prosperous.

The past season has been an exceptional one in the great cheese-making centers of Northern Ohio. Ohio cheese-makers have fared even better than those of Western New York, Wisconsin and Michigan. There has just been enough rain in Ohio to make excellent pasturage, which in turn is conducive to plenty of milk. In some other big dairying sections there has been too



LOADING CHEESE FOR SHIPMENT.

much rain. Everywhere prices for milk have been higher than a year ago, and the farmers in the main are satisfied. Concerning the prices of cheese on the market they have shown a general rise of from one cent to a cent and a half a pound and the price of butter has kept up well.

Cheese-making as an American industry is increasing in volume rapidly, although the uses for milk are multiplying. The vast annual production of ice cream, for example, requires more and more of the cream which years ago went almost exclusively to the creameries and cheese factories.

It is not many years since the Western Reserve—the section so favored this year in its dairying interests—was the real cheese-making center of the world. For more than half a century cheese factories have occupied some of the same spots where they stand today. At one time West, Anderson, in the Western Reserve, boasted of the largest factory in the world, or at least the largest with the largest annual production. But as has been related at many times in the last decade, New York and Wisconsin have come forward to first place. Regardless of the matter of present-day prestige as to volume of business, the cheese interests of the Western Reserve are still so small that as carried on are typical of cheese-making everywhere. The utilization of the by-product, whey, as seen in Ohio, is also worthy of description.

The average modern cheese factory daily takes care of the milk from 1,000 cows. Such a factory is furnished its entire supply by perhaps a hundred farmers. The output of a dairy of 1,000 cows is about 25,000 pounds of milk each day. The very latest factories can handle but 30,000 to 35,000 pounds of milk in twenty-four hours and the



OLD-FASHIONED CHEESE FACTORY.

output from such a factory will slightly exceed eighty cheese per day.

All the operations in connection with cheese-making are now done at the factory. There was a time when the farmers made the curd at home and took it to the factories for the final processes. Today in the dairying districts both morning and evening find wagons with huge receptacles filled with milk passing along the rural roads in the direction of the factories. In not all instances do the farmers haul their own milk. On the co-operative basis the farmers employ men whose sole work consists in going from farm to farm at milking time and collecting the milk. Each wagon collects about thirty cans on a trip, and each can contains from thirty to forty gallons. More men are employed in collecting the milk than are engaged in the making of cheese. Not more than a half dozen men spend their time at a factory which requires ten to a dozen men to collect the milk.

The wagons with their numerous cans of milk arrive at the factory at an appointed hour and draw up in front of what is known as a receiving tank. This tank has a capacity of 600 gallons and it rests upon scales. The milk of each farmer's dairy upon being emptied into this tank is weighed and placed in the credit. It is then released through pipes which carry it to the vats within the cheese factory. The milk received at night remains till morning in the vats, and then the morning's milk is piped into the same vats. The milk which stands in the vats all night becomes slightly sour. The placing of the sweet milk of the morning with that which is slightly soured is conducive to the best cheese.

Circular Vats.
The vats within the factory are of a round pattern and have a capacity of 7,000 pounds of milk each. Within the circular walls of a vat there is a compartment for hot water connected by piping with the engine boiler in another part of the building. When the operations of cheese-making are in progress water of a temperature of some 80 degrees is rushed into the hot water compartments of the vat and the scald-

PAPERS BY THE PEOPLE

THE GIRL WHO FASCINATES.

By Marion F. Monbray.
From what source springs the magic of the girl who fascinates? The girl who fascinates is loved because she is herself. She may not be beautiful, but all men are taught watching her face; she may not be graceful, but every girl covets her manner; she may not be witty, but everybody likes to hear her talk; she may not be accomplished, but she makes the talents of others appear paltry and mean and good for nothing; she may be none of these, yet, to all intents and purposes, she is all.

Yet I do not assert that the girl who fascinates is a selfish creature. Far from it. She is usually generous hearted to a degree. But whether her heart may be either lively or inert that is another matter. Her heart plays no grand role in her fascinations. She can do quite as well without as with it. She must have a serviceable head. It tells her what to do, and prompts her to do it. It tells her what men like, and helps her to be as they like.

The girl who fascinates is not necessarily bold to command. She knows when to be bold and when not to be. But she is always intelligently and unambiguously, however delicately, defines her attitude as expecting chivalry and attention. And the man never fails to meet her upon her own ground. The fascinating girl is never a chatterbox. She is never a snapper. She knows just when and how much to talk, and just when to be silent. She knows that while nearly every man finds a vivacious talker entertaining, many men find prolonged loquacity tiresome, also lately obnoxious.

The girl who fascinates accordingly is a chatterbox when her man wants to listen; she is silent when her man wants to speak. She is never overheard, never too talkative. You will see from all this that this is a great blessing when it can be displayed cunningly by the long-headed girl.

WHY BROTHERHOODS EXIST.

By Governor B. F. Odell of New York.
In keeping with our national development it was natural that those whose resources were brain, heart and muscle should have banded themselves together for their mutual protection and advancement. Thus it has come about that we find in almost every locality brotherhoods of the various trades and in the rural communities granges and associations of farmers. The results have been in the main of advantage. They have led to the interchange of knowledge and ideas and have served to curb to a large extent the greed, the power and the influence of those who, except for this restraint, would have broken down the safeguards which should accompany these developments.

In the business world those who acquire property, through false representations or the crime of obtaining goods under false pretenses, and the corollary of this proposition is evident that he who seeks advancement in the political world through misrepresentation and misstatement of facts is entitled to the rebuke that can only be administered by the freeman's ballot.

Education is the only true method by which the distinction between governmental and individual rights may be discerned, and upon an educated people, therefore, we must depend to prevent and to repress all transgressions of the laws governing either. Intelligence is more to be desired than wealth; fair dealing of character more than property; and the love and approval of the Divine Being who has given us all these blessings more to be sought than success at arms or battles won for principles that are wrong.

INTELLIGENT VICTIMS OF RELIGIOUS CRAZES.

By T. F. O'Connor, N. Y. Historian.
You can form no forecast whatever of a man's religious point of view from his views and conduct in the other affairs of life. It is quite possible for a man to be shrewd, cautious, even skeptical, in all business and ordinary affairs, and at the same time to hold religious faiths which qualify for the fanatic's zeal. Indeed, sometimes the credulity in matters of religion seems to be a sort of Nemesis which nature awards for skepticism in other affairs.

Take, for instance, Irving, the young Scotch clergyman who was in love with Jane Welsh, and whom Jane Welsh loved, but he had entered into a boy and girl engagement with the daughter of the clergyman, the young Irishman, and he had to give up Jane Welsh. That little incident was the wrecking of many lives.

That disappointment of Irving wrecked his life also; for it was largely accountable for the religious mania in which his life ended; and doubtless it wrecked the life of the poor lady to whom unwillingly he gave his name, while every pulse of his heart belonged to another woman. And finally this love episode helped to wreck other lives.

ing process is continued for three-quarters of an hour. Three ounces of rennet are added to 1,000 pounds of milk, for the purpose of coagulation. Rennet is the fermentative principle obtained from a calf's stomach. Machinery known as an agitator is used to stir the milk and assist in the coagulating process. This is operated by machinery, as is also the curd knife, which in cutting the curd liberates the whey. When the curd is sufficiently sour the whey is drawn off. To determine whether the curd is sweet or sour bits of it are ap-



INTERIOR OF A MODERN CHEESE FACTORY.

plied to a hot iron. If sour it will add here quickly. If sweet it will not.

In the Presses.
After being taken from the vats the curd is placed in the presses. These presses are cylindrical devices which have an inner diameter equal to that of a cheese rotty for the market. The sides or hoops of the presses are raised to their full height and filled with curd, cheese curd, or "brandy," being placed within the presses before filling. Screws are then applied and the operation of pressing begins. It has been said that the screws usually applied in this process are sufficiently strong to raise a good-sized building. The pressing operation is continued until the

The Irvingites, as they were called, believed in a new de-
scent of the Holy Ghost, in a new gift of tongues, and in all such absurdities, and they gave their priests and elders the titles of angels and archangels. And yet one of the first to join this palpably absurd religion was Henry Drummond—a well-known parliamentarian who had a reputation in his day somewhat like that of Mr. Labouchere in ours. He was, in addition, a shrewd and wealthy banker, and yet Henry Drummond was among Irving's first adherents. And his adhesion is crystallized to-day in the fact that the family of the Duke of Northumberland—including, if I mistake not, the brilliant young fellow who has just been made an under-secretary—are adherents to the Irvingite creed.

One of the shrewdest, most observant and, in some respects, most cynical men I ever knew, was the late John Lowell, editor of the *Liverpool Mercury*. If ever I wanted a judgment of a public man—only, disposition, searching, full of true psychological insight, I had a talk with John Lowell, and was never felt enlightened. And yet this shrewd, sensible man, without a shadow of a tinge of "Irvingism," knew few men who could men in the House of Commons that Sir William Mother, and the vast fortune he has made as a locomotive manufacturer is testimony to the success and shrewdness of his business instinct; he belongs to the strange creed known as the Swedenborgian.

He it remembered, too, that these people delusions do not end with literary men, with dreamers, with the unworshipful; some of the greatest and most realistic men of action the world has known were not free from them. Voltaire, the greatest German general of the olden days, was afflicted by the crowing of a cock, and always consulted astrologers as to the future; Napoleon believed in omens and dreams; and Parnell thought black cats brought good luck, and the color green made him so unhappy that he anticipated every evil from the sight of it. Even the great Shakespeare's misadventures were mainly due to green being his color.

KINGS IN FACT AND FANCY.

By Willis J. Abbott, Editor of the *Pilgrim*.
The Abbots has been informed that when King Leopold of Belgium met his daughter, Princess Stephanie, in London, he was wearing a ring at his finger, who died while he was in France. He refused to recognize her. Outside of the most aristocratic and, therefore, least respectable, circles of Europe, it is rather rare for a woman's reputation to escape the scrutiny of the press. Leopold of Belgium, but this fact, of course, is not one of consolation to the disowned daughter. It appears that it is family pride that has led this merry monarch to repudiate his daughter. The family's contention that he has carried undiminished to a manner of life in Paris, that only Bismarck could so fully describe, and has haunted in quarters of London, that first gained international disrepute through the revelations of the Oscar Wilde scandal, is grievously blotted by the fact that his daughter married a man because she loved him, and who was only a count.

It is further gravely reported that because of her unjust father's displeasure, Princess Stephanie, and that she is unwelcome in the aristocratic society. All the courts of the continent are open to King Leopold, but until the death of his wife the one which he seemed fittest to adorn was the divorce court. No public man has led so scandalous a life, none has been more drawn in his intrigues and in his entire indifference to even the surface proprieties. His career has been a series of debauches, his life a series of Paris and London, and his latest favorite is the perennial attraction of the Paris music halls.

The man who made Cleo de Merode famous finds his honor tarnished because his daughter married a man not of royal birth. And there are royal courts and so-called polite circles in Europe which gladly receive this man, whose moral character fairly makes the description of the devil in the Bible his daughter because his fond and deluded brain has conceived the idea that her marriage was an affront to his royal honor. If ordinary common sense did not show us the worthlessness of kings and courts, incidents such as this would.

THE AUTOMOBILE'S FUTURE.

By J. A. Dugman, Automobile Expert.
The automobile has come to stay. It will not become the "rage" for a brief period, as did the bicycle, and then drop out of popular interest. It is too big an invention for that. Like the roller coaster, the typewriter, the electric fan, the electric car, it must stay. This is the age of machinery. Twenty-five years ago few people understood mechanical devices. There were fewer to understand them. Today mechanical training is part of the young man's education. Almost everyone has had some practical experience with machines. This makes the automobile possible; this accounts for the fact that, in the next few years, but it will be gradual. Already 10,000 automobiles are in use in this country. There would be more but for the obstacles the automobile has met. Bad points have retarded it. The trouble is not a good, even rail; the automobile must have a smooth road. Our country roads are often rough. The question is, how can we make them smooth? How can we get the people of ordinary means to use them? No. They will probably never sell for less than \$500. The fall in the price of bicycles is not a parallel case. The bicycle was a new thing. As it became perfected the cost naturally fell. The automobile, in its parts, is not new. Tires, chains, lamps, ball bearings, steel tubing, power—all are now perfected, and the machines are being sold for a dollar a pound, the present retail cost of bicycles.

of the factory and choose from among their number a secretary. They then crush the milk, pay all expenses and declare a monthly dividend. This year such factories have been "paying" as high as 95 cents a hundred pounds for milk and at no time this season has the price been below 83 cents.

Sugar of Milk.
Concerning the utilization of the by-products of cheese-making, the whey which is drawn off from about the curd in the vats is piped or directed through a trough to another building or factory where it has been long in operation of making sugar of milk. This whey is first placed in vats with a capacity of 200 gallons each. When it has reached the right temperature, a little diluted sulphuric acid is added to separate the casein and fat from the liquid sugar. The casein is that part of the whey which is coagulable. When the separation process has taken place the liquid sugar is drawn off into tubs and the serum and casein is left to a herd of swine which is usually kept in the yards adjoining. A herd of fifty hogs can be supported from one such factory and grow fat. The tubs of liquid sugar are removed to a store room, and there sometimes remain for weeks, during which time the sugar crystallizes about the sides of the tub. These crystals are cut out by the aid of a hatchet and the remaining liquid again placed in the boiling vats. The crystals are removed to an upper room and piled by the ton upon the floor. From 200 to 300 pounds of crystals can be produced in one day.

The crystals are taken in wagon loads across the country to a refinery, where they are again boiled and crystallized. They are then decolorized and are then ground by machinery and made into powdered form.

Sugar of milk is used by druggists, physicians and makers of medicines. In itself it has no medicinal qualities, but simply serves the purpose of a vehicle. It forms the bulk of infusions or powders given by physicians. By its moderate doses of powerful drugs are made possible.

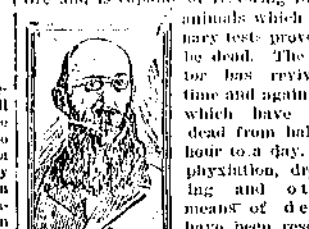
Statue to Woman in Japan.

Japan's first statue in memory of a woman was unveiled recently in Shilo-Nawac near Koto.

GIVES LIFE TO THE DEAD.

Indiana Methodist Preacher Revives the Principle of Existence.

Dr. C. W. Littlefield, of Alexandria, Ind., has discovered the principle of life and is capable of restoring life to animals which ordinarily test proved to be dead.



DR. LITTLEFIELD.

As the organism of the insect or animal was unbroken or not destroyed, revivification was successful in every instance. Beginning with the lower organisms, such as flies and bumblebees, he has succeeded in bringing to life mice, rats and cats which were to all ordinary tests dead.

Recently a cat was chloroformed and afterward immersed in water for twenty minutes, after which it was covered with the magenta powder which Dr. Littlefield says contains the properties of the atmosphere which sustain life—magnetism. Within eight minutes the cat was anxious to get away and was as lively as it was before chloroformed and "drowned." The theory was severely tested during the winter months, when a boy was under the ice for forty-five minutes, and then without treatment for almost the remainder of the hour. A slight attempt at artificial respiration commonly used in such cases was resorted to. Then Dr. Littlefield and his discovery were called into requisition. Within an hour the boy revived and is to-day living.

According to the doctor's theory the principle which we call life exists everywhere. It will not enter into chemical action and combination with other elements and form new compounds, nor is it the result of chemical action or the union of any definite number or kinds of compounds. It can neither be created nor destroyed. It can be excluded from the organic body, and then be coaxed to return in all its fullness and completeness. This life principle is abundantly diffused throughout space and needs only the proper media to cause it to objectively manifest itself. It is, as he believes, the underlying first class of all things physical and manifests itself as a volatile magnetism. "This leads me," he says, "to believe that this life principle exists at all times and is co-existent with creation. Therefore, when the Bible tells us that God breathed into man's nostrils the breath of life it states a more profound fact than we have heretofore been able to appreciate."

OHIO WAR VETERAN.

Was a Target for the First Shot Fired at the Siege of Vicksburg.

B. J. Williams, cashier of the First National Bank in Shelby, Ohio, enjoys the distinction of having the first shot fired at the siege of Vicksburg in 1863 aimed at him personally. Mr. Williams was born in Marietta, Ohio, in 1842. In 1861 he enlisted in Major Iuk's battalion in Missouri, and served for eighteen months. He re-enlisted in the Sixty-ninth Ohio, and held the office of quartermaster sergeant. At the siege of Vicksburg he was on the staff of General Burbridge, of Kentucky, and as the army marched up on the hills surrounding the city he was ordered to go over and take possession of a farmhouse as a hospital. He rode away with a few men, and as two Confederates opened fire on them from the place. None of the men were hit.

Another curious coincidence in connection with this is that, after General Pemberton sent a flag of truce into the Union lines with a proposal of surrender the men were taken to Mr. Williams' tent and kept while General Grant went over their message.

Mr. Williams has been cashier of the First National Bank of Shelby continuously since the day of its opening, April 9, 1872. He is, therefore, serving his thirty-first year as cashier.

Ingenious In Incident.

The Spaniards visited the country known as Canada before the French and made careful searches for gold and silver, and finding none they often said *can ada* (there is nothing here). The Indians, who watched closely, learned this sentence and its meaning. After the departure of the Spaniards, the French arrived, and the Indians, who did not want their company, and supposed they also were Spaniards, came on the same errand, were anxious to inform them that they were wasting their time by stopping in that country, and so they incessantly repeated to them the Spanish sentence, *can ada*. The French supposed that this constantly recurring sound was the name of the country, and so they called it *Canada*, a name it has borne ever since. So *can e vero e ben trovato*.

Spoke From Experience.

A man who tries to uphold all his statements with the prop of personal experience is pretty sure sooner or later to find himself in difficulties. "What kind of posts should you say, I'd better have for my piazza?" asked a summer resident of the oracle of Baswellville. "Oh?" "No," was the instant reply; "not less you want to pay for poor stuff. Get pine. Pine will last you a hundred years."

"Are you sure?" asked the summer resident, doubtfully. "Sure," echoed the oracle. "I never state a thing without I can prove it. I've tried 'em both. Tried 'em twice on my south porch. I tell you."

A girl raves over the beauty of an apple tree in bloom, but a boy waits until the blossoms are apples.

An Expert Is a Man whose Ignorance overshadows that of ordinary men.

POSTMASTER FOR 74 YEARS.

Remarkable Record of David H. Beardsley, of North Canton, N. Y.

There is but one man in all the world who can boast of such a record as this. The oldest appointive officer in the United States in point of service.



BEARDSLEY.

The oldest postmaster in point of service in the United States or in the world. The only man who has held an appointive office under twenty different Presidents. The only man who has continuously filled

one government office for seventy-four years. The only man who held a government office before there was a railroad in the United States and is holding that same office now.

That man is Roswell Beardsley, who resides at North Lansing, Tompkins County, New York, being postmaster at that place, an office he has held creditably for seventy-four years, and which he will fill until his dying day. He has no idea of resigning, and as there is no man of his name in all North Lansing, who would seek to displace "Uncle Roswell," as he is familiarly called, in the office he has held nearly three-quarters of a century.

Even should they have the temerity, however, to ask for the postmaster's office, would take no notice of the application, for Uncle Sam is not the individual to discharge an employee who has served him so long and so faithfully, as has Roswell Beardsley.

"Uncle Roswell" was appointed postmaster at North Lansing June 23, 1828, when John Quincy Adams was President. John C. Calhoun was Vice President, Henry Clay was Secretary of State and John McLean was Postmaster General. He owes his appointment to William H. Seward, who thirty-three years after the appointment of Uncle Roswell, became Secretary of State under Abraham Lincoln.

At the time of Uncle Roswell's appointment as postmaster at North Lansing, Seward was associated with Uncle Roswell's brother, Nelson Beardsley, in the practice of law. They dissolved partnership shortly thereafter, however, and Beardsley turned his attention to farming. Seward continued in public life, and soon attained national prominence.

Roswell Beardsley was born July 5, 1809, near where he now resides, and when in remnant moods, talks entertainingly of the early days of the republic. He was born the same year as Abraham Lincoln, only four months and twenty-three days later. Being of the same political faith and having served as postmaster through Lincoln's administration, he is naturally a great admirer of the martyr President.

CONVICT HEIR TO ESTATE.

Inmate of the Michigan City Prison Will Inherit \$8,000.

When Alex. Killian, the Washington, Ind., "Land King" died a few months ago he left an estate valued at \$200,000. He left no will and as a result the property will be divided among the legal heirs by the court. To cause a settlement of the estate a suit has been filed in a Federal court, and the complaint discloses a peculiar state of affairs.

One of the heirs, a grandson named John Slatten, is confined in the Michigan City penitentiary for robbery. The complaint says that a trustee be appointed to take care of young Slatten's part of the estate until he is released. The complaint also asks the court to declare Alexander Slatten legally dead. She is a sister of John Slatten. Ten years ago she had a sweetheart to whom her father was very much opposed, and had forbidden him to come to the house. A few days later Alexander Slatten and her lover were seen crossing the White River bridge "hand in hand." They were never seen or heard of since, and many think the couple either committed suicide or were murdered. Their bodies were never found. Were she living her share of the estate would be the same as that of her convict brother, about \$8,000.

He Didn't Believe It.

The typical Englishman's slowness to grasp the point of a joke is a matter of record and a constant source of delight to the American "joller." A striking illustration of this was overheard on a trolley car. Two young men were seated together in the forward end of the car, and one, by his accent and his air of guileless innocence, proclaimed his British nationality. The other was an American of the genus "kicker." The latter was relating upon the ferociousness of the Jersey mosquito, and, after relating several very tall yarns, wound up with this one:

"Last summer I was coming across the meadows this side of Atlantic City on my wheel when my attention was attracted by the sound of a cow bell."

It was such a strange, unusual sound that I dismounted to investigate, and soon encountered a huge mosquito. It had eaten the cow and was ringing the bell to attract the calf, that he might devour that also.

The Englishman listened to this story very gravely, and without even cracking a smile, replied:

"Oh, I say, old chap, you can't expect me to believe that, don't you know?"

Better than a Prayer Meeting.

The child of strict parents, whose greatest joy had hitherto been the weekly prayer meeting, was taken to the circus by his nurse. When he came home "Oh, mamma," he exclaimed, "if you once went to the circus you'd never go to a prayer meeting again in all your life!"

When a woman marries her deceased sister's husband, all the women say she did it for the sake of the children.

FLASHES OF FUN

She declared he loves the very ground I tread upon. He said I thought he had his eyes on the estate. —Harvard Lampoon.

Solubus—Why are you yawning like the house so quietly? Comitus—Sh-sh! The cook has company, and I do not wish to disturb them.

"I can safely say that no man ever attempted to bribe me, gentlemen." "Don't be down-hearted, old chap; your luck may change."

Ultimus—I see you raise your own vegetables. Suburbanus—No! I simply plant a small garden so as to keep the chickens at home.—Life.

The Lawyer—I really hope I don't annoy you with all these questions. His Fair Client—Not at all. I'm used to it. I have a 6-year-old son.

He-I fancy men believe in friendship rather more than women do. She—Possibly, but the great trouble is it's generally their own friendship they believe in.

Wisecum—Honestly, now, did you learn anything while you were in college? Graduate—Um—well, I learned how to state my ignorance in scientific terms.

"Is your family fond of cereals, Mr. Jump?" "Oh, yes; we're reading several in the Parlor Portfolio now, and can't hardly wait from week to week." —Philadelphia Bulletin.

Cassidy—Ship "lickin' about yer hard luck, man! Some mornin' ye'll wake up an' an' yer's famous. Casey—Faith, O'll bet ye whin that mornin' comes 'twill be me luck to oversleep meself!

Mrs. Hiram Offen—I hope you washed the dish thoroughly before you put in on the broiler, Della. Della—Sure, what would be the use of that, ma'am? Hiram—I been brin' in the water all its life! —Philadelphia Press.

"Oh, well, my dear," observed he to his wife, "you will find that there are a great many worse men in the world than I am." "How can you be so cynical, John?" replied his wife reproachfully. —Syracuse Herald.

Slats—So Zeke won't have anything but first-class literature? Cyrus—No. Why he wouldn't even subscribe to a magazine because he saw "Entered as second-class matter" on the front page.

Superintendent—It is our usual custom to let a prisoner work at the mine trade in here as he did outside. Now, what is your trade? Shoemaker, Blacksmith or "Please, sir, I was a traveling salesman."

Constance—I am going out in Algy's launch, Penelope. But my dear ladies are very dangerous. Constance—I know it. But Algy gave me the choice of either going out with him on his launch or his sailboat.

"I say, crank out West announces his invention of a 'theater bat' for ladies that will shut up when the curtain rises." "If he'd only invent a box party that would do that he'd deserve a medal." —Philadelphia Press.

"Here's a letter from Miranda at college. She says she's in love with Ping Pong." "She is, hey? Well, she'd better give him a try. We ain't going to stand for no Chinaman marrying into this family." —Woman's Home Companion.

Mr. Skinner—You'll have to wait a while for your wages this week. I can't pay you to-day. Clerk—See here, now, that won't do, sir. I've got to live, you know. Mr. Skinner—Nonsense! What put that idea into your head. —Chicago Tribune.

Lady (to furniture dealer)—I like the Louis XIV. and the Louis XVI. designs equally well. It wouldn't do, I suppose, to have both chairs in the parlor? Clerk—Oh, yes, madam; they would harmonize well—only two years' difference, you see.—Judge.

Teacher (to class in geography)—And who knows what the people who live in Turkey are called? Class (unanimously)—Turks! Teacher—Right. Now, who can tell me what those living in Austria are called. Little Boy—Please, mum, I know. Ostpehles.—Judge.

Hasty Harry—Wat yose nshin here without any bait for? Don't youse know dat fish won't eat a bare hook? Streunbos Store (scornfully)—Wat! Don't youse see dat if de fish don't bite I ain't got to go to de trouble of takin' 'em off'n d' hook. Where's yer professional insight?

"Oh, maw," said the 10-year-old homophobe, "do you see how wet my clothes are?" "Yes, young man," spoke mamma, sternly, "and you have been in swimming." "No, maw," "Then how did you get wet?" "Why, some boys wanted me to go in swimming, and I ran away so fast I slipped." —Judge.

"Young man," said the Irish magistrate, as a youthful prisoner was brought before him, "I would advise you to make a full confession if you want to get off with a light sentence." "And if I don't confess, then what?" asked the young man. "Oh, in that event," replied the magistrate, "I shall probably have to acquit you for want of evidence."

The First Born—"Yes, it took my wife and me and my mother and my wife's mother and two sisters and an old aunt of mine and half a dozen of our cousins to pull out this baby through all it was 2 years old." And all the little one became stronger by that time, and came out of the dream." —Chicago Record-Herald.

Room for More Improvement.

Prison Director—What, you here again for burglary? When you left here three weeks ago you said that you had become a much better man.

Prisoner—Yes, sir, but I want to become better still.—Teller Walt.

Located.

Canvasser—I would like to see the lady of the house.

Mistress—Certainly. She is working back in the kitchen.

Fishing; cultivates patience. Ladies will please take notice.

sheets for thousands of an inch in thickness, in which form it weighs less than paper. By the adoption of suitable machinery these sheets can be made even thinner, and can be used for book and writing paper. The metal will not oxidize, is practically fire and water-proof and is indestructible by worms.

If love is blind, courting may just as well be done in the dark.